

Providing you with ultraviolet light solutions for your disinfection needs

FLASHBOX™ -mini

The upgraded FLASHBOX-mini UV Disinfection Chamber is a small, easily transportable chamber designed for use in any healthcare, pharmaceutical, manufacturing, laboratory, or research setting. It provides a rapid and highly effective method to disinfect tablet computers, phones, remote controls, miscellaneous electronics, instruments, and components to reduce the transfer of dangerous organisms. It also offers a way to disinfect components without removing them from the room, minimizing the chance for cross-contamination. The FLASHBOX-mini contains 1 shelf to support the item(s) being disinfected. It simply plugs into any wall outlet. The disinfection chamber produces an efficient UVC output intensity of approximately 2000 $\mu\text{w}/\text{cm}^2$ achieving a 99.99% kill of spores like *C. diff* and a greater than 99.99% kill of bacteria such as MRSA and Hepatitis in 30 seconds.



Specs

Usable Interior Space: 12" W x 5" H x 6" D

Overall Dimensions: 14" W x 9" H x 8" D

Power: 115 VAC, 60 Hz, 0.5 Amps

Bulb Lifespan: 11,000 hours

UV-C Output: Intensity of 2000 $\mu\text{w}/\text{cm}^2$
Dosage of 60 mJ/cm² per 30 second exposure

Efficacy

- The FLASHBOX-mini contains 2 protected UV-C bulbs, one on the top and one on the bottom, to provide increased disinfection coverage of items placed inside the chamber.
- At the furthest point from the bulbs, the FLASHBOX-mini provides over 2000 $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ of UV-C intensity. This intensity correlates to a 60 mJ/cm² UV-C dosage during a 30-second exposure.
- The FLASHBOX-mini's UV-C output was validated using two independent UV-C Sensors, the Solar Light Company's PMA1122 Germicidal UVC Sensor and the General® UV512C Digital UVC Meter.

Operation

- Easily operated with minimal training.
- No chemicals to store and handle.
- Preset timer will light up at the push of the start button
- The FLASHBOX-mini has a semi-transparent door for visual confirmation that the unit is working properly.

Safety

- The door contains a safety switch which turns the unit off if the door is opened during an exposure.
- The glass door blocks UV-C wavelengths from passing through, such that it is safe to look through the glass while the unit is running.



Disinfection Achieved in 30-Second Exposure Time

	Level of Disinfection per Exposure	Reference
Spore		
Bacillus anthracis spores - Anthrax spores	90%	Light Sources Inc. 2014
<i>Bacillus subtilis</i> ATCC6633	99%	Mamane-Gravetz and Linden 2004
<i>Clostridioides difficile</i> spores	99.99%	Antimicrobial Test Laboratories 2015
Bacterium		
Bacillus anthracis - Anthrax	99.99%	Light Sources Inc. 2014
<i>Campylobacter jejuni</i> ATCC 43429	99.99%	Wilson et al. 1992
Clostridium tetani	99.99%	Light Sources Inc. 2014
Corynebacterium diphtheriae	99.99%	Light Sources Inc. 2014
Escherichia coli	99.99%	Light Sources Inc. 2014
<i>Escherichia coli</i> O157:H7	99.99%	Tosa and Hirata 1999
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i>	99.99%	Giese and Darby 2000
<i>Legionella pneumophila</i>	99.99%	Oguma et al. 2004
Mycobacterium tuberculosis	99.99%	Light Sources Inc. 2014
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	99.99%	Light Sources Inc. 2014
<i>Salmonella enteritidis</i>	99.99%	Tosa and Hirata 1998
Salmonella typhosa - Typhoid fever	99.99%	Light Sources Inc. 2014
Shigella dysenteriae - Dysentery	99.99%	Light Sources Inc. 2014
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ATCC25923	99.99%	Chang et al. 1985
Vibrio comma - Cholera	99.99%	Light Sources Inc. 2014
Molds		
Aspergillus flavus	99%	Light Sources Inc. 2014
Mucor racemosus A & B	99%	Light Sources Inc. 2014
Viruses		
Adenovirus type 2	90%	Shin et al. 2005
Bacteriophage - E. Coli	99.99%	Light Sources Inc. 2014
Calicivirus canine	99.99%	Husman et al. 2004
Calicivirus feline	99.99%	Husman et al. 2004
Coxsackievirus B5	99.99%	Gerba et al. 2002
Hepatitis A	99.99%	Wiedenmann et al. 1993
Hepatitis A HM175	99.99%	Wilson et al. 1992
Influenza	99.99%	Light Sources Inc. 2014
Norovirus	99.99%	Lee et al. 2008
Poliovirus 1	99.99%	Gerba et al. 2002
Staphylococcus aureus phage A 994	99.99%	Sommer et al. 1989
Protozoan		
Cryptosporidium	99.99%	Morita et al. 2002
Giardia lamblia	99.99%	Mofidi et al. 2002